

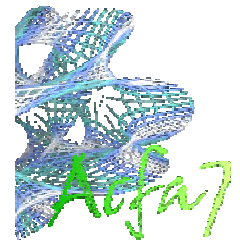
The Performance of Strip-Fiber EM Calorimeter - Linearity, Energy Resolution –

Univ. of Tsukuba Shin Yamauchi
and GLC CAL group members
(KEK, Kobe, Konan, Niigata, Shinshu, Tsukuba)

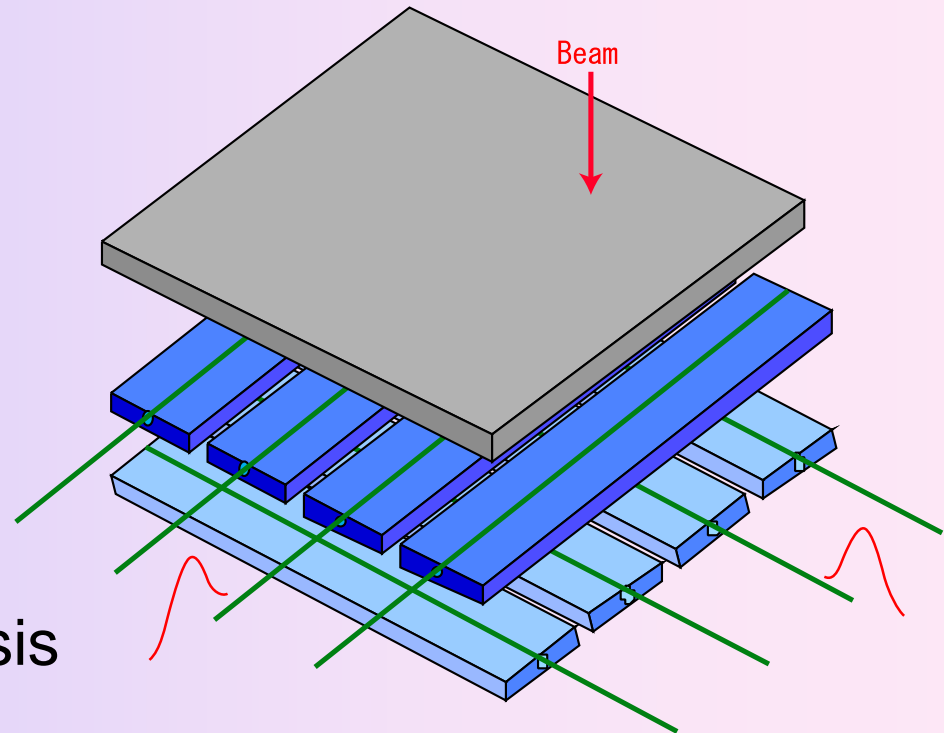
Introduction
Calorimeter
Test beam
Gain calibration
Linearity
Energy resolution
Summary



University of Tsukuba



- Requirements for LC EMCAL
 - Energy resolution
 - $\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{15\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 1\%$
 - Linearity
 - 1%
 - Fine granularity
 - particle flow analysis
- Scintillator strip array EMCAL
 - Fine granularity



- Module design for test beam

- 1 × 20 cm × 2 mm-thick Sci. strip

- effective cell size: 1 cm²

- WLS fiber + clear fiber

- 1 layer

- Lead (4 mm-thick)

- X-strips × 20

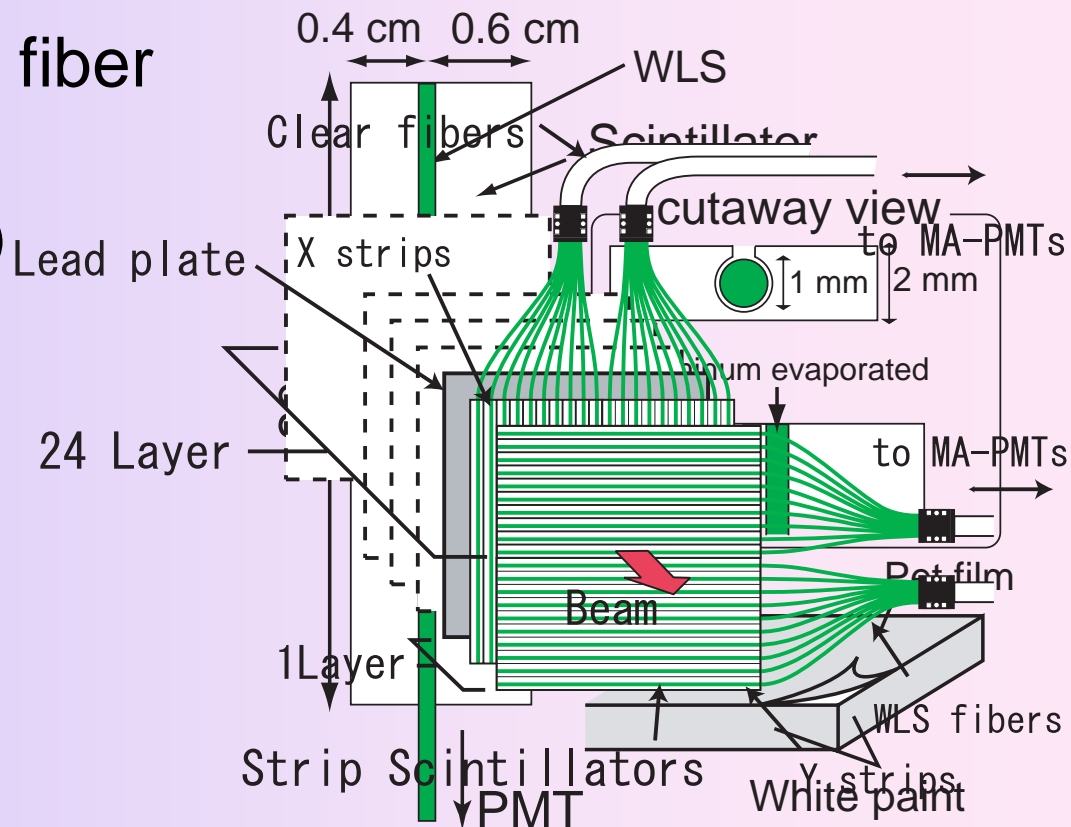
- Y-strips × 20

- Total 24 layers

- 17 X₀

- 6 super layers

- 1 SL = 4 layers

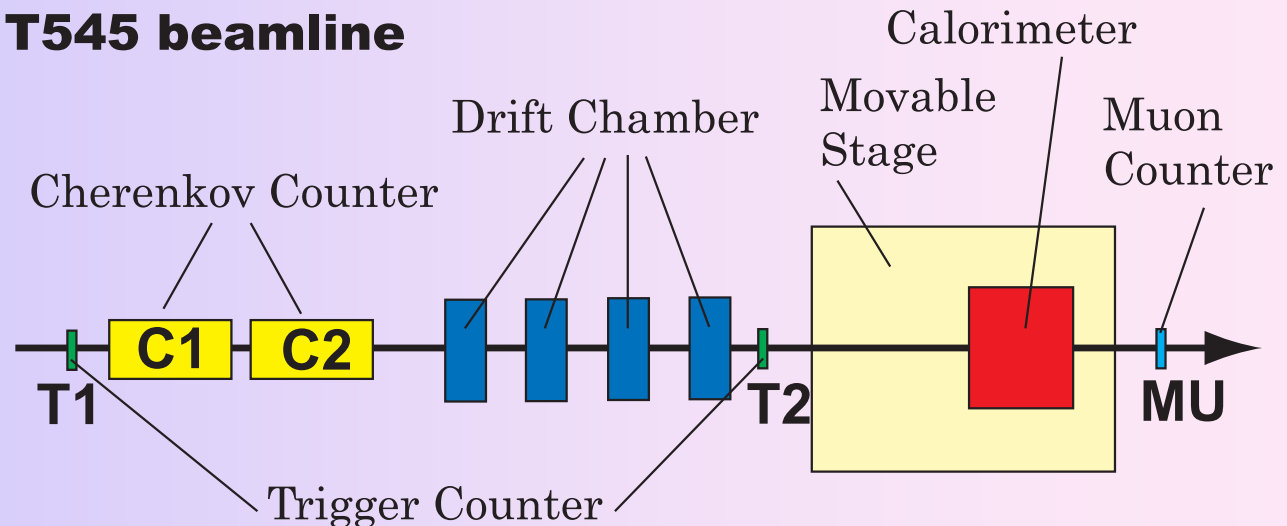


Test beam



- KEK PS Mar 2004
 - Unseparated beams (e, pi, mu)
 - 1 - 4 GeV
- EMCAL on movable stage
- Scintillation counters
- Electron-ID with Cherenkov counters
- Tracking with drift chambers

T545 beamline

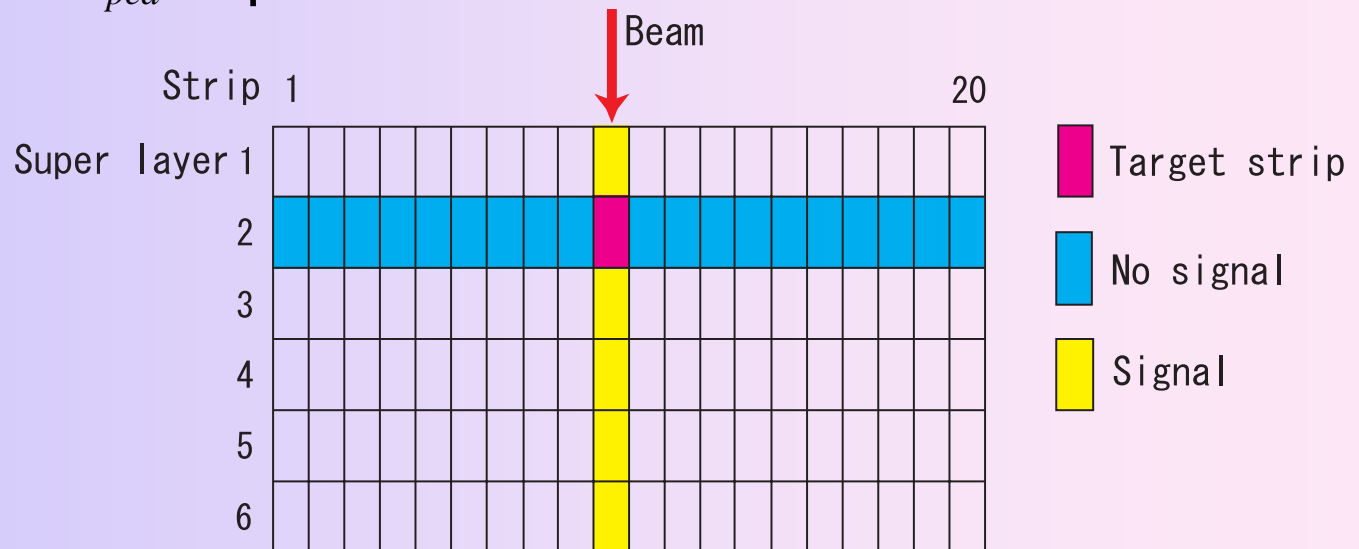


Gain Calibration

Cuts for MIP events



- Inclusive trigger (T1&T2)
- All upstream and downstream superlayers of the target should have signals above the pedestals.
 - $\text{ped} + 3 \sigma_{ped} < \text{p.h.}$
- Signals of all other strips in the same superlayer as the target should be consistent with pedestal.
 - $\text{ped} + 5 \sigma_{ped} > \text{p.h.}$



MIP pulse height



- Fit function: asymmetric-gauss

$$f = \begin{cases} p_0 \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-p_1}{p_2}\right)^2\right) & (x < p_1) \\ p_0 \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-p_1}{p_3}\right)^2\right) & (x > p_1) \end{cases}$$

- Fit range:

$$\text{ped} + 3\sigma_{\text{ped}} < \text{p.h.} < \text{mean} + 3p_3$$

- Binning: 5 counts/bin

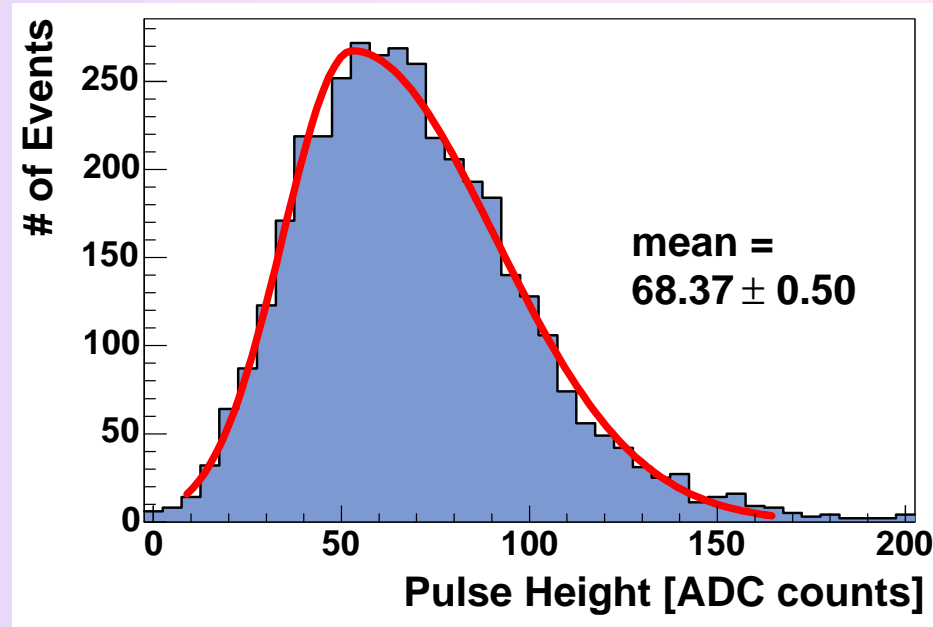
- Constant:

$$\mu = \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x f dx}{\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f dx} = p_1 + \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(p_3 - p_2)$$

- Error:

$$\sigma_{\mu}^2 = \sum_{i=0}^3 \sum_{j=0}^3 \frac{\partial \mu}{\partial p_i} \frac{\partial \mu}{\partial p_j} \text{cov}(i, j)$$

$$= \sigma_1^2 + \frac{2}{\pi} \sigma_2^2 + \frac{2}{\pi} \sigma_3^2 - 2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sigma_{12} + 2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sigma_{13} - 2\frac{2}{\pi} \sigma_{23}$$

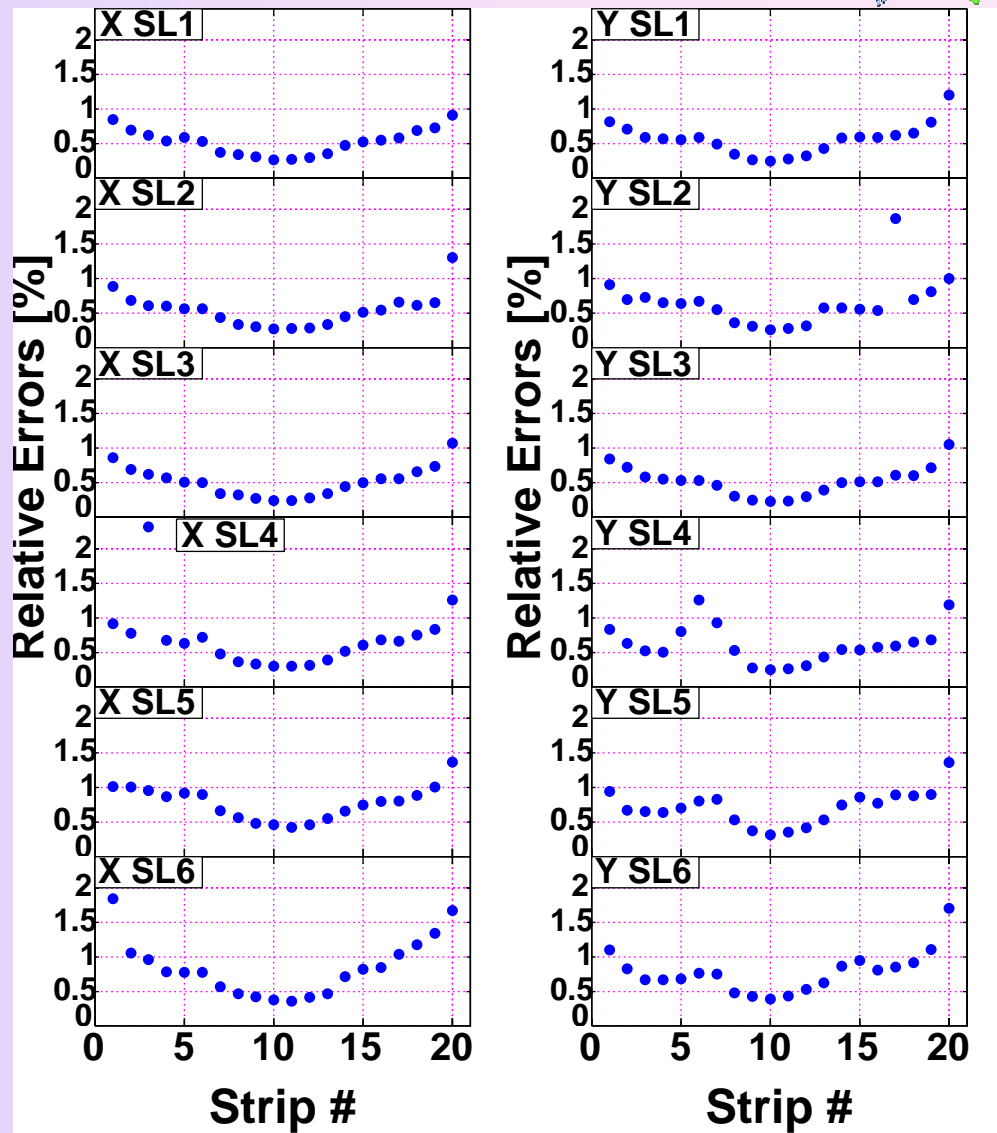




Relative errors



- Less than 1% for most strips
- about 0.3% in the central region



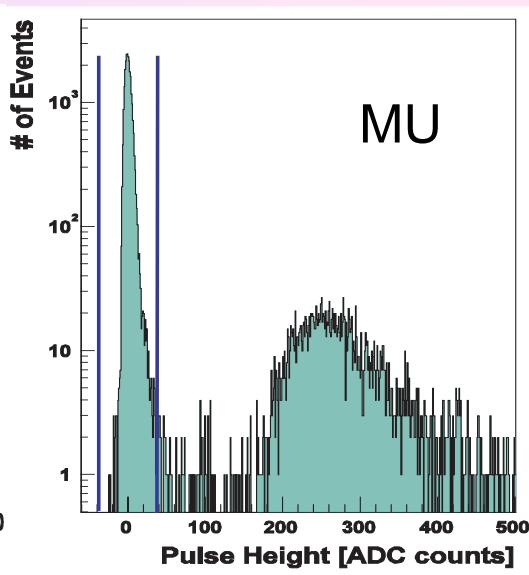
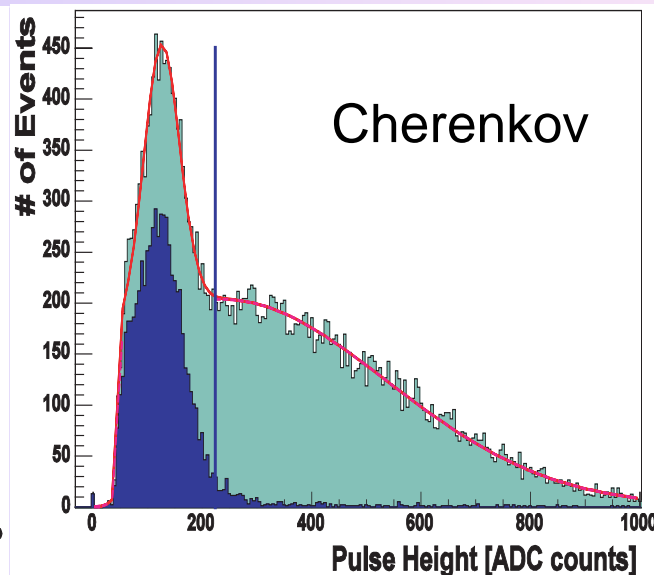
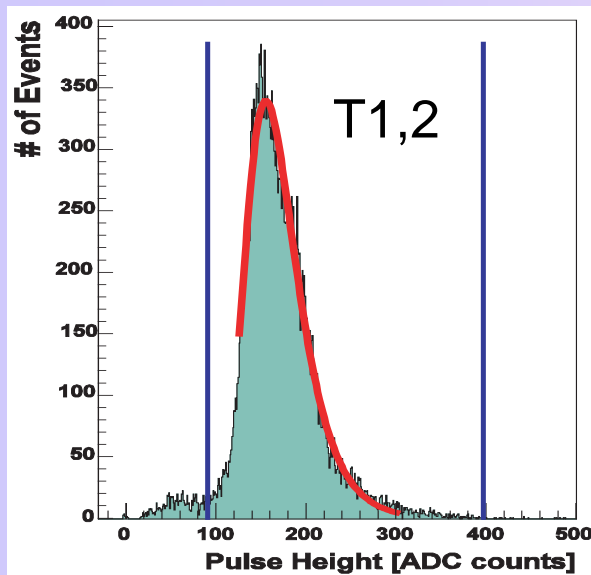
Linearity

Energy Resolution

Cuts for electron events



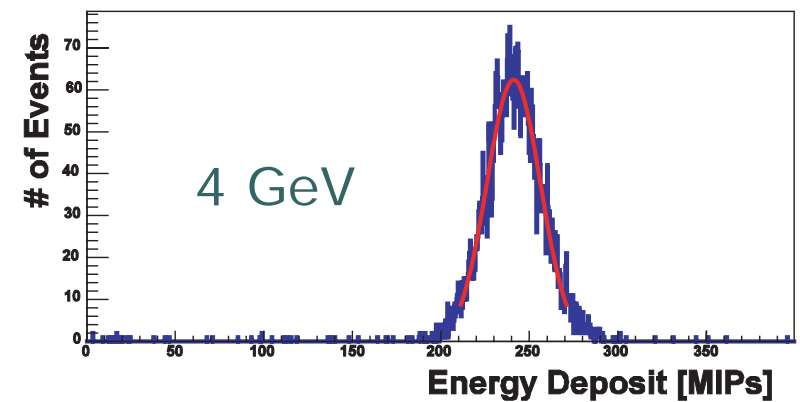
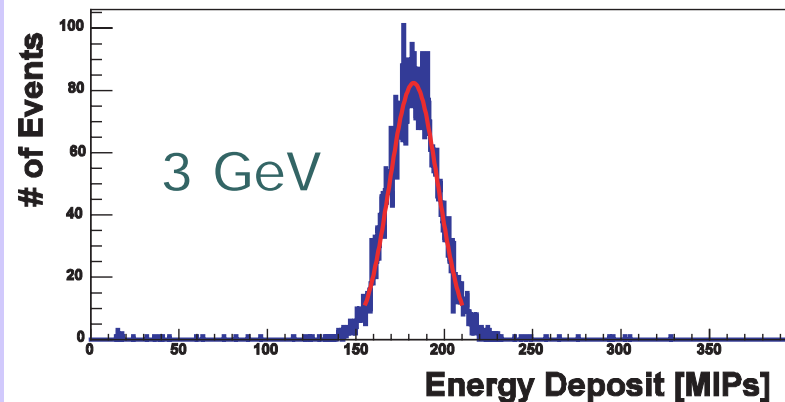
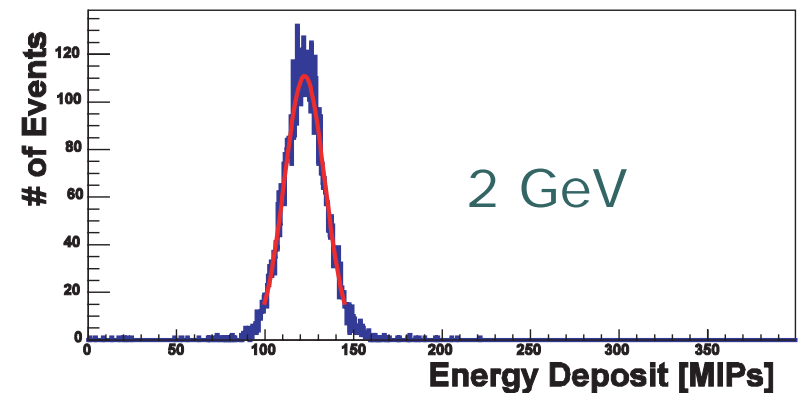
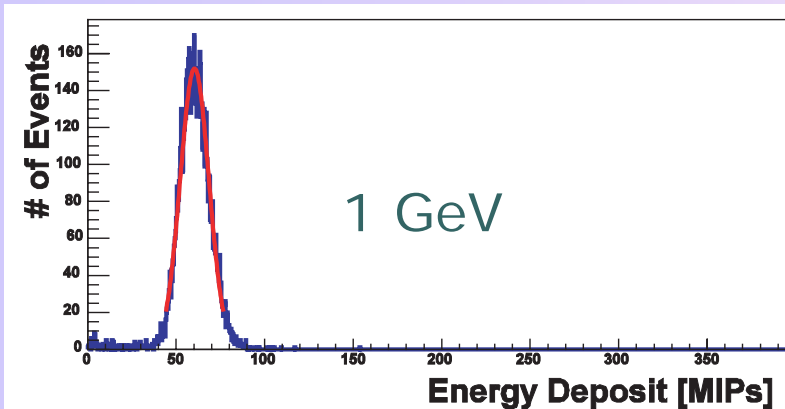
- Electron trigger (T1&T2&C1&C2)
- T1, T2
 - Consistent with one MIP
- Cherenkov
 - High enough to separate from pions and muons
- MU
 - Consistent with pedestal



Energy distribution



- Fit function: gauss
- Fit range: $\text{mean} \pm 2\sigma$
- Binning: 0.4MIPs/bin



Systematic uncertainty



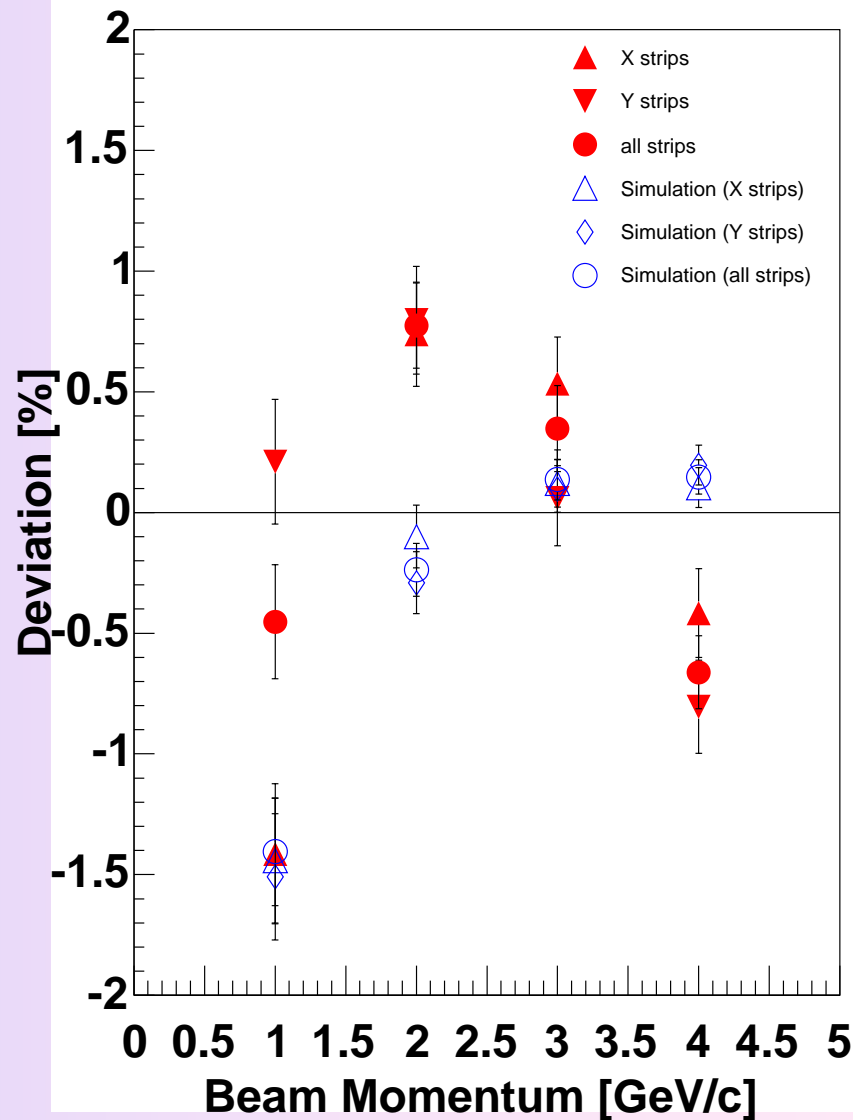
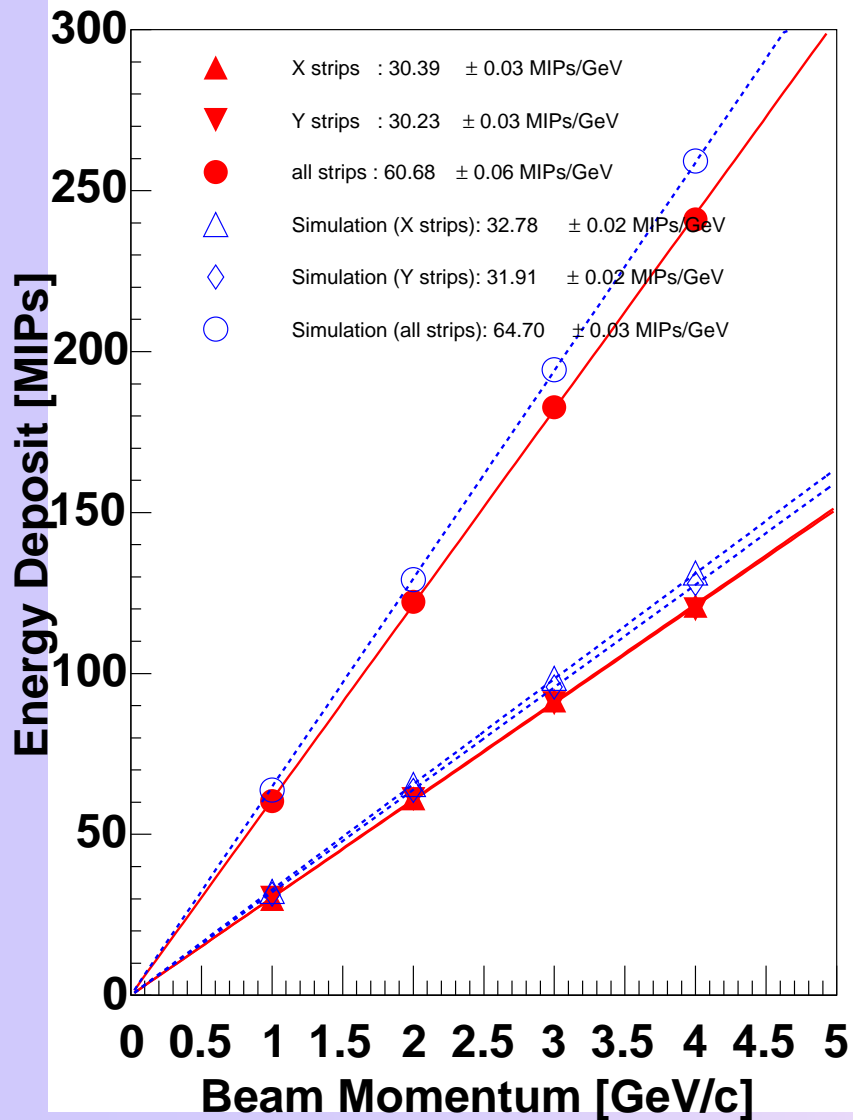
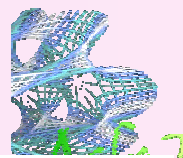
- Calibration uncertainty
- Pedestal uncertainty
- PMT gain drift
- Binning of energy distribution
- Beam momentum bite
 - 0.08%

Uncertainties at 4 GeV (all strips) [%]

	statistical	systematic			
		calibration	pedestal	gain drift	binning
energy	0.09	0.04	0.01	0.10	0.04
resolution	1.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.5



Linearity



Energy resolution

- Resolution parameters

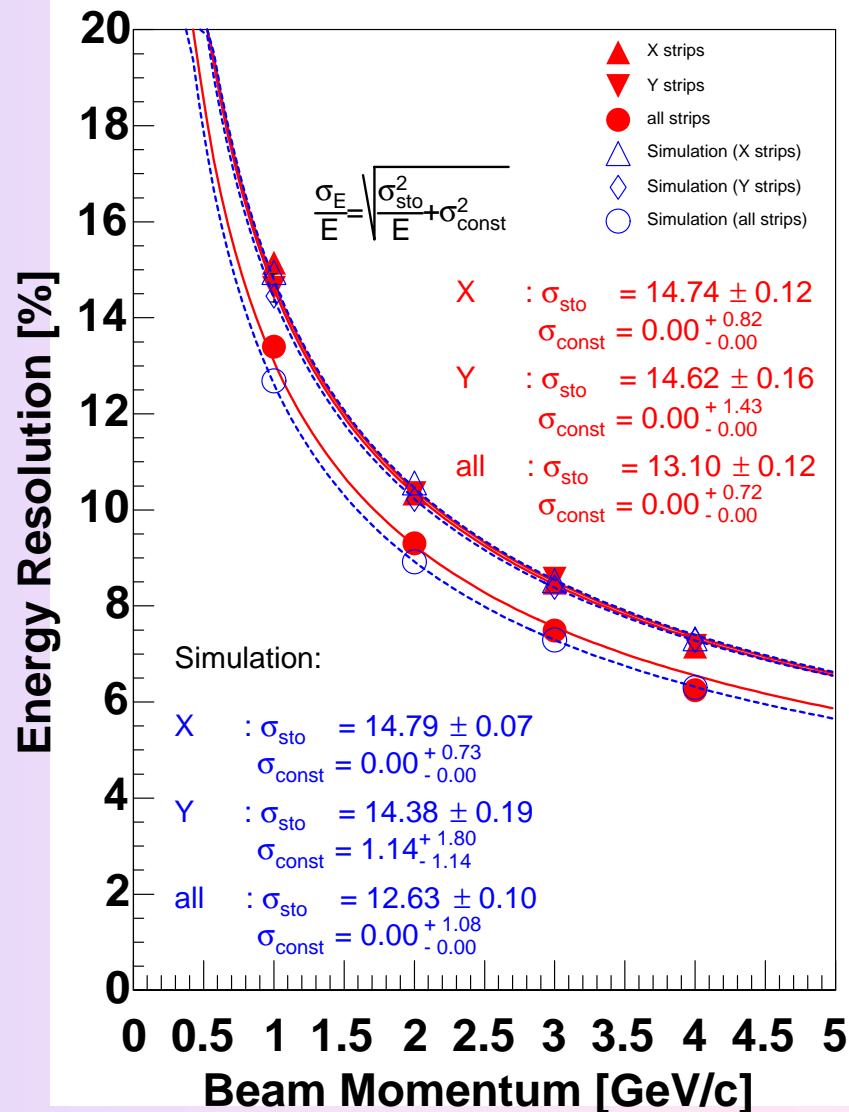
$$\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{\sigma_{stochastic}}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus \sigma_{constant}$$

- All strips

- Stochastic: $13.10 \pm 0.12\%$
- Constant: $0.00^{+0.72}_{-0.00}\%$

- Simulation

- + Photo statistics
- + Noise effect



Parameter decomposition



- Stochastic term
 - sampling fluctuation
 - track length fluctuation
 - photo statistics
- Constant term
 - calibration uncertainty
 - non-uniformity
- Noise effect
 - pedestal fluctuation

-> consistent with zero

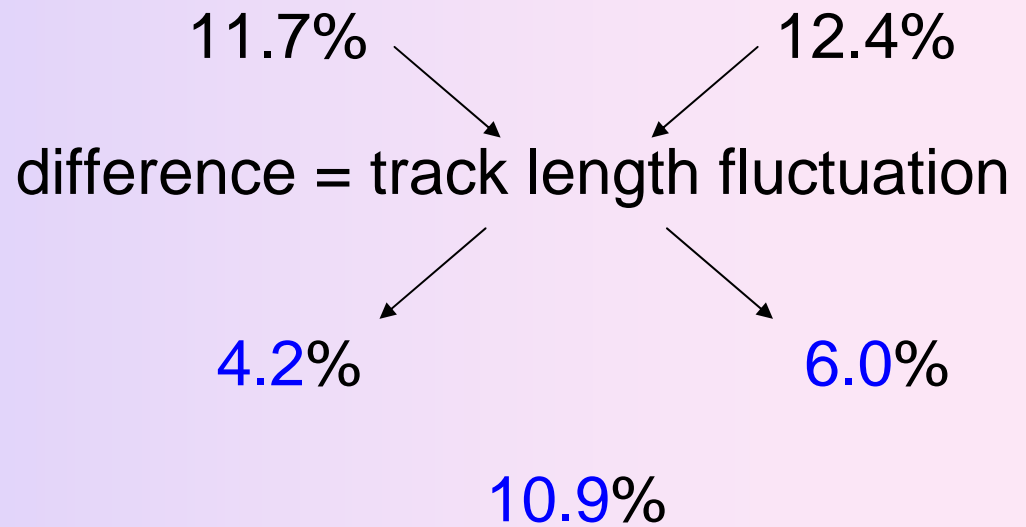
$$\sigma_E = \sigma_{\text{sampling}} \oplus \sigma_{\text{track}} \oplus \sigma_{\text{photo}} \oplus \sigma_{\text{noise}} \quad \text{at 1 GeV}$$

Parameter decomposition



	all strips	x(y) strips
resolution	13.1%	14.7%
noise effect	4.2%	5.0%
photo statistics (9.2pes/MIP)	4.2%	6.0%

subtracted σ_{noise} and σ_{photo}
 (= $\sigma_{sampling} \oplus \sigma_{track}$)



track length

$$\sigma_{track}^{all} = \sigma_{track}^{x(y)} / \sqrt{2}$$

sampling

Summary



- Scintillator strip-array EMCAL was tested with test beam
 - Good linearity
1% level
 - Good energy resolution
 - stochastic: $13.10 \pm 0.12\%$
 - constant: $0.00^{+0.72}_{-0.00}\%$
- Granularity -> next speaker