

HOT Topics @ D0

Flavor Physics & CP violation

Taipei, Taiwan

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Northwestern University

on behalf of D0 Collaboration



D0 Results



- *Direct CP violation in B decays (M. Kreps)*
- *CPV in B_s System (D. Strom)*
- *Lifetime and mixing (C. Liu)*
- *Bs/b-Baryon decays (A. Warburton)*
- *Rare decays of B/Bs mesons from Tevatron (D. Tsybychev)*
- *Spectroscopy of hadrons with b quark (R. V. Kooten)*

- *This talk will cover the **hottest topic...***

Outline



New Measurement of $\Delta\Gamma_s$ from $Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{()} D_s^{(*)})$ (1.3 fb⁻¹ to 2.8 fb⁻¹)*

$\Delta\Gamma$ in B_s Decays

Motivation

Tevatron & D0

Analysis Procedure

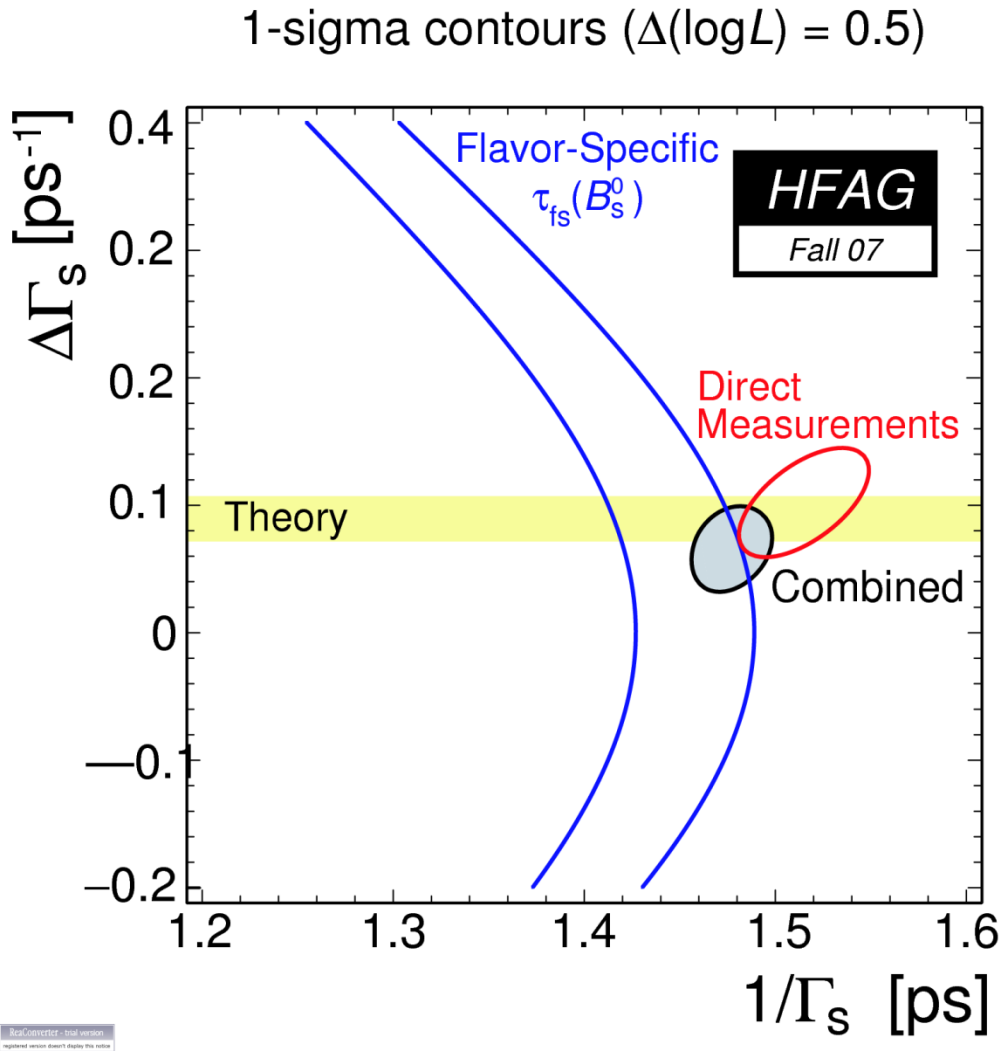
New Result

Conclusion



$\Delta\Gamma$ in B_s Decays

Summary $\Delta\Gamma_s$ (as of 2007)



Flavor-Specific:
 $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s \mu \nu$
CP asymmetry: a^{fs}

Direct Measurements:
 $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$
angular analysis: $\Delta\Gamma_s$ & φ_s
(D0 & CDF)
(talks in next session)

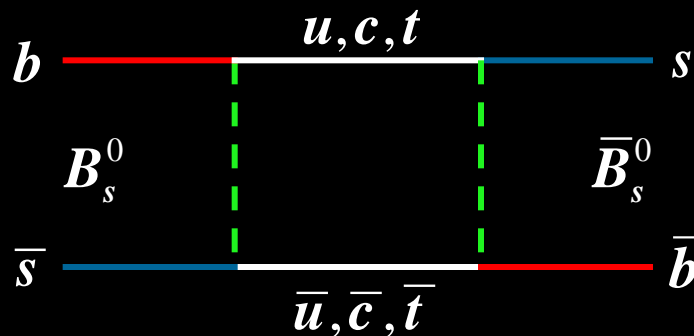
Theory Prediction
 $\Delta\Gamma_s = 0.096 \pm 0.039$
(J. HEP. 0706, 072)

CPV & $\Delta\Gamma$ in B_s System

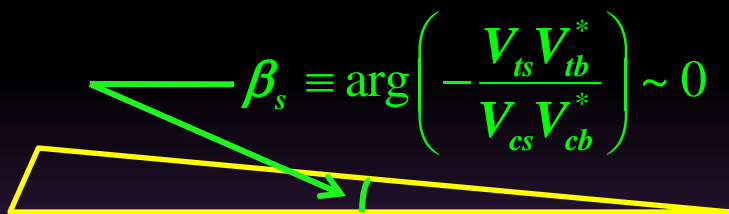


$$i \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} |B_s^0(t)\rangle \\ |\bar{B}_s^0(t)\rangle \end{pmatrix} = \left(M - i \frac{\Gamma}{2} \right) \begin{pmatrix} |B_s^0(0)\rangle \\ |\bar{B}_s^0(0)\rangle \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_{12} = M_{21}^*, \quad \Gamma_{12} = \Gamma_{21}^* \rightarrow \text{Mixing}$$



$$\text{CKM} : \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix}$$

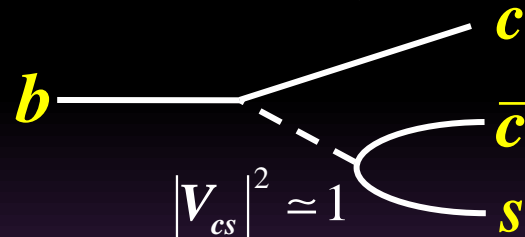


Squashed Unitary Triangle
CPV ~ 0

$$\Delta\Gamma_s = \Gamma_L - \Gamma_H \approx 2 |\Gamma_{12}| \cos \phi_s$$

(SM) x (NP)

Γ_{12} is dominated by $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$



not suppressed!
 $\Delta\Gamma_s$ sizable



Motivation & Theory

Why $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}$?



Flavor -Specific:

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s \mu \nu$$

50 % even / 50% odd

$$Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}):$$

- theory based analysis:
CP even (5~30%)
- compatible error band
- consistent with theory
- untagged: efficiency,
purity, acceptance
- simple measurement

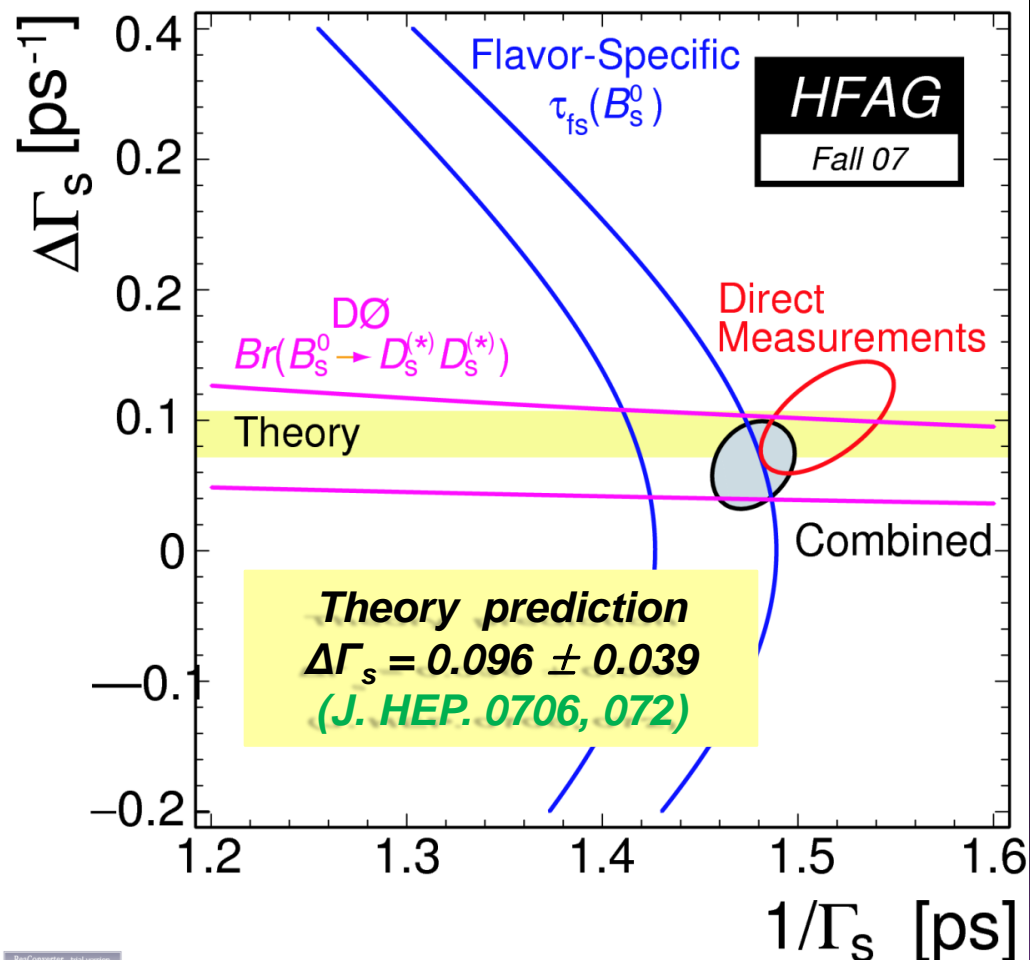
Direct Measurements:

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$$

angular analysis: $\Delta\Gamma$ & ϕ
(D0 & CDF)

(talks in next session)

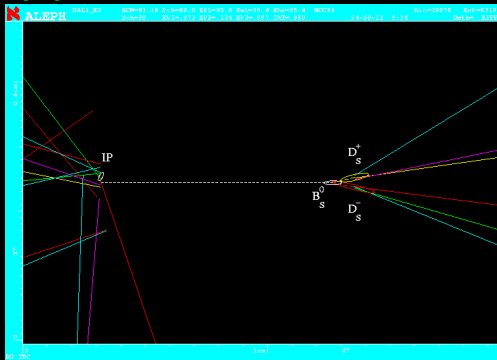
1-sigma contours ($\Delta(\log L) = 0.5$)



History of $Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$

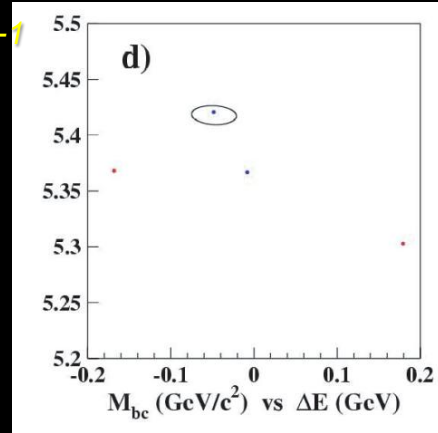


ALEPH (2000)
 $\phi\phi$ correlation in Z decays



$N = 18.5 \pm 6.7$
 $Br = 0.077 \pm 0.034^{+0.038}_{-0.026}$

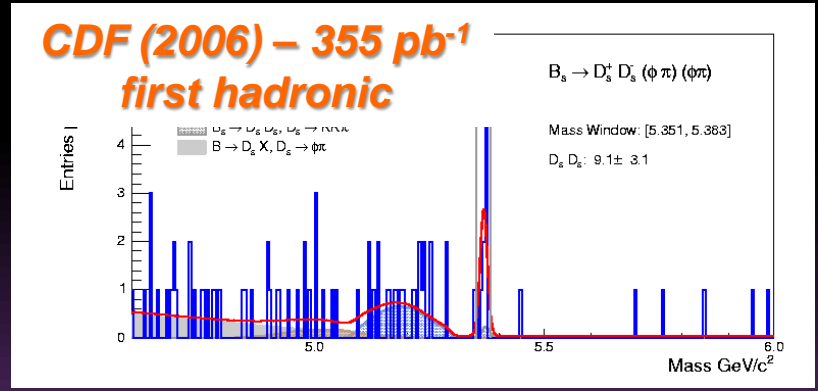
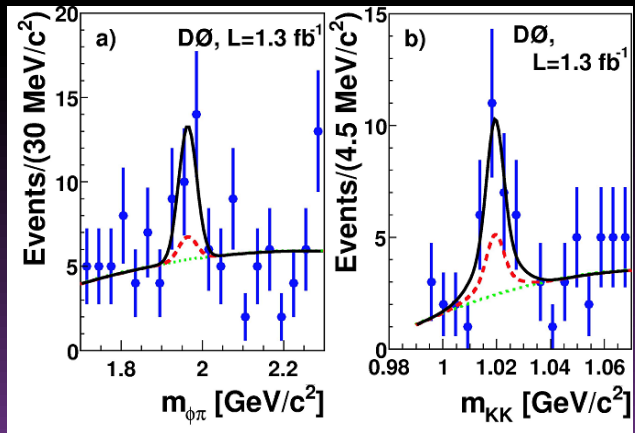
Belle (2006) – 1.86 fb⁻¹
 at Y(5S) resonance



$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) < 27.3\%$

D0 (2007) – 1.3 fb⁻¹
 $D_s D_s$ correlation

$N = 13.4^{+6.6}_{-6.0}$
 $Br = 0.039^{+0.019+0.016}_{-0.017-0.015}$

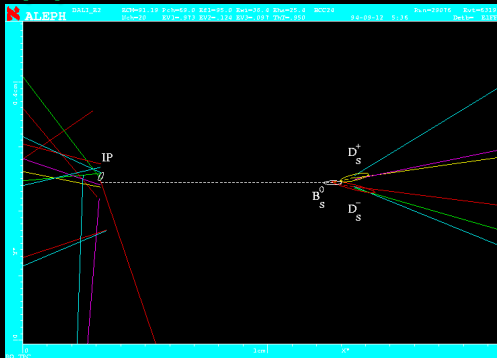


$N = 23.5 \pm 5.5$
 $Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^+ D_s^-) / Br(B^0 \rightarrow D_s^+ D_s^-)$

History of $Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$



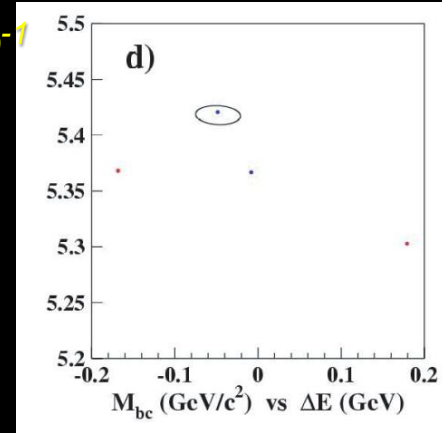
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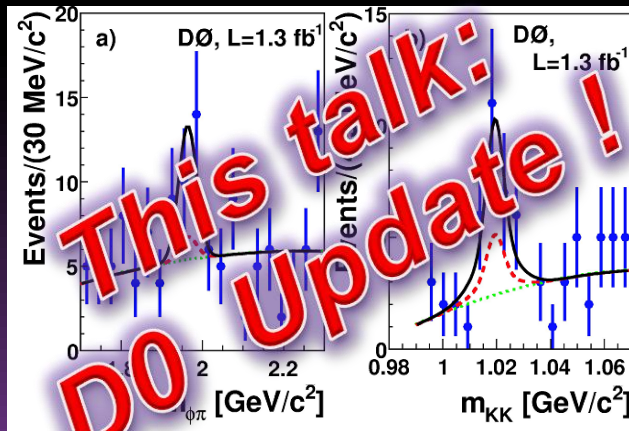


$$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) < 27.3\%$$

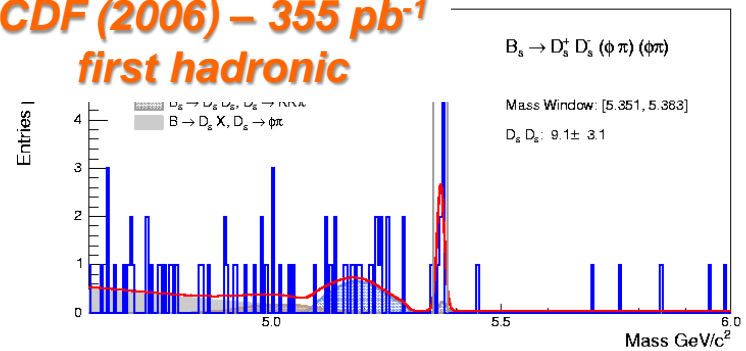
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 $D_s D_s$ correlation

$$N = 13.4^{+6.6}_{-6.0}$$

$$Br = 0.039^{+0.019+0.016}_{-0.017-0.015}$$



CDF (2006) – 355 pb⁻¹
 first hadronic



$$N = 23.5 \pm 5.5$$

$$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^+ D_s^-) / Br(B^0 \rightarrow D_s^+ D_s^-)$$

Theory of Br & $\Delta\Gamma$



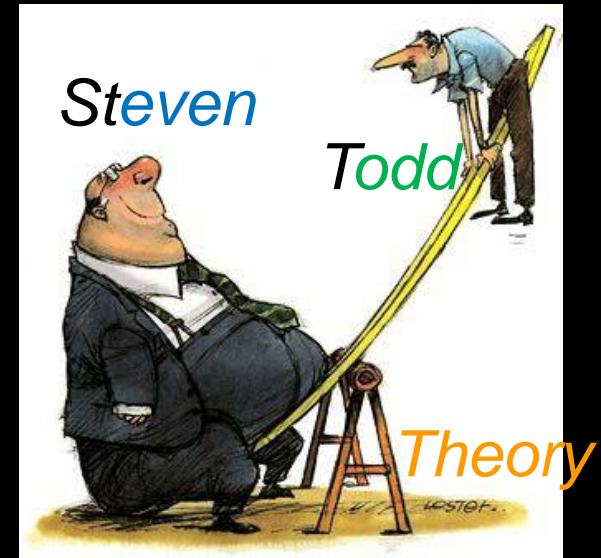
$D_s^{(*)}D_s^{(*)}$ ground states

| | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| $D_s^+D_s^-$ | S wave | CP even |
| $D_s^*D_s^*$ | S,P,D wave | CP mixture |
| $D_sD_s^* (D_s^*D_s)$ | | CP mixture |

+ heavy quark ($m_c \rightarrow \infty$) (Phys. Lett. B 316, 567 (1993))
 + factorization ($2m_c \rightarrow m_b$)

| | | |
|----------------------|----------|-----------|
| $D_s^{(*)}D_s^{(*)}$ | S wave | CP even |
|----------------------|----------|-----------|

$D_s^{(*)}D_s^{(*)} \Rightarrow$ purely CP even!!!



$$2Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)}D_s^{(*)}) \approx \Delta\Gamma_s^{CP} \left[\frac{1 + \cos\phi_s}{\Gamma_L} + \frac{1 - \cos\phi_s}{\Gamma_H} \right]$$

In SM:
$$\frac{\Delta\Gamma_s}{\Gamma_s} \approx \frac{2Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)}D_s^{(*)})}{1 - Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)}D_s^{(*)})} \quad (\phi_s = 0)$$



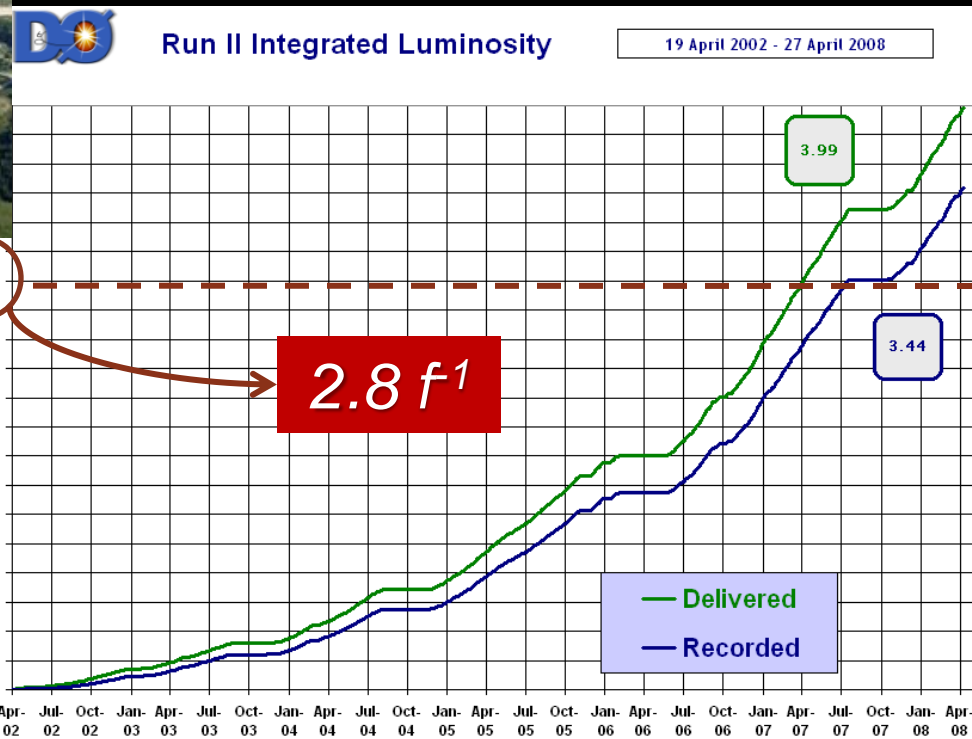
Tevatron & D0

Tevatron



- $p\text{-}p\text{bar}$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.96\text{ TeV}$
- excellent performance
- 4.0 fb^{-1} delivered (Apr/30/08)

- peak : $3.15 \times 10^{32}\text{ cm}^{-2}\text{sec}^{-1}$
- > 85 % DAQ efficiency
- $\sim 45\text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{week}$
- $\sim 8\text{ fb}^{-1}$ designed by 2009



D0 Detector

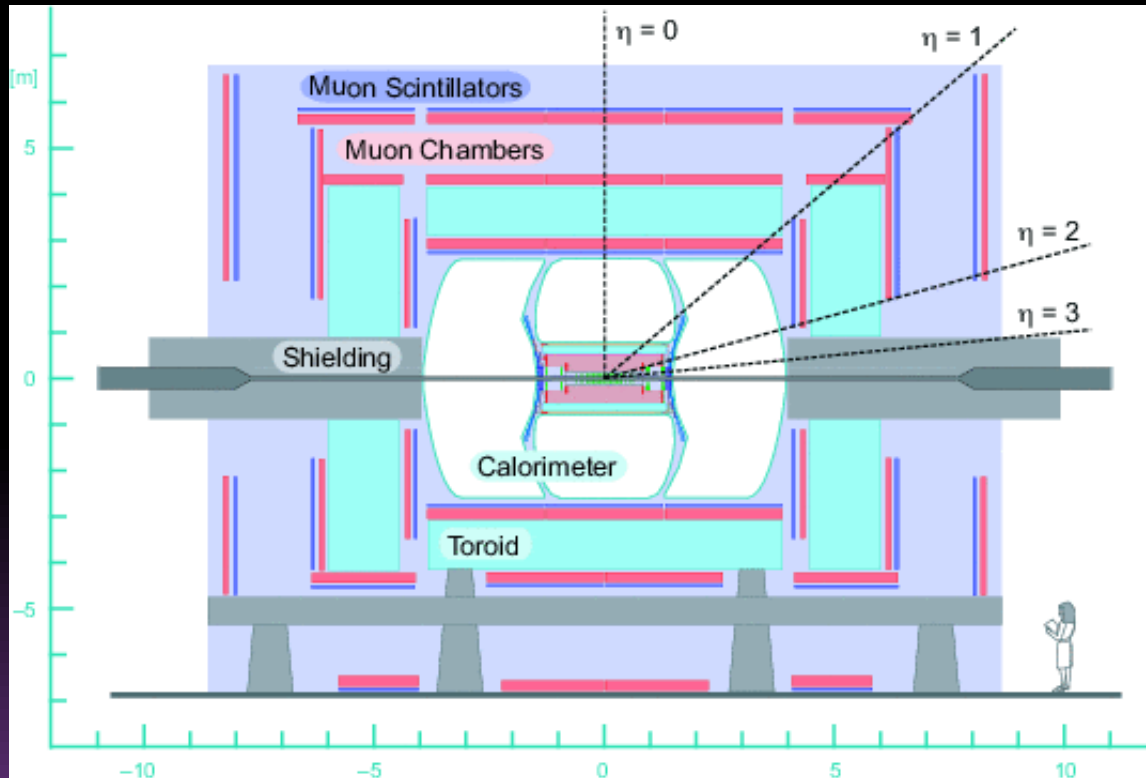


● Calorimeter

- Uranium / Liquid Ar

● Muon system

- drift tubes & scintillators
- excellent muon trigger
- 1.8 T toroid
- $|\eta| < 2.0$



● Tracking system

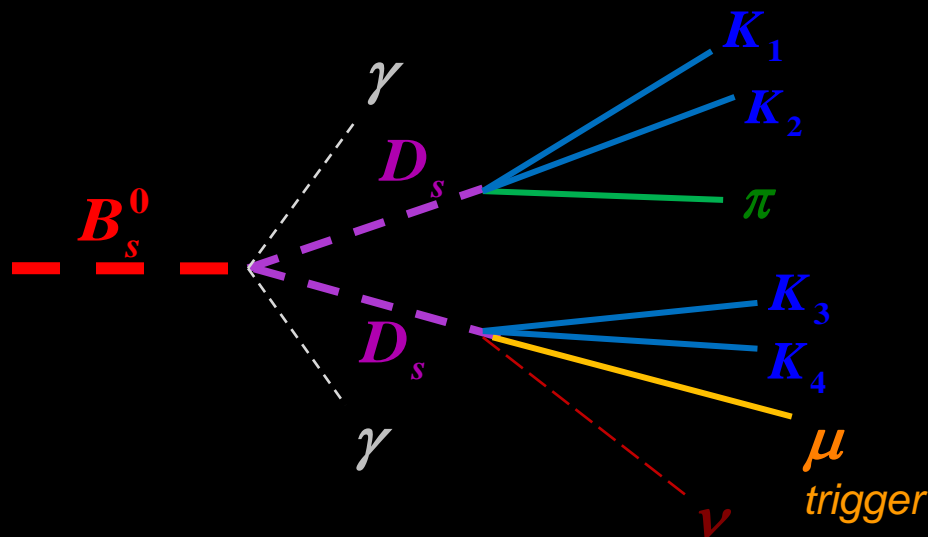
- SMT, CFT
- new layer in 2006
- 2 T solenoid
- $|\eta| < 3.0$



Analysis Procedure

$Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$

☀ Sampling: $D_s \phi \mu$



$$D_s \rightarrow \phi \pi ; \phi \rightarrow KK$$

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}$$

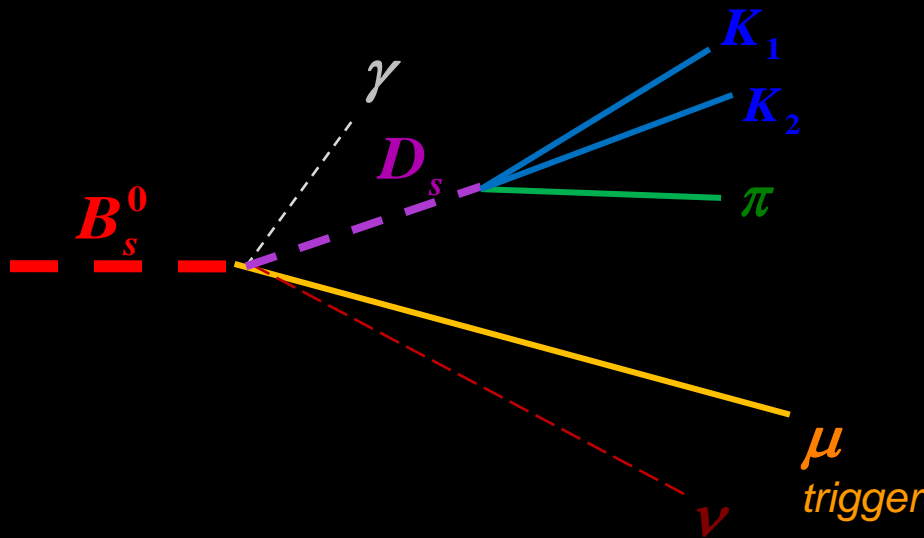
$$D_s \rightarrow \phi \mu \nu ; \phi \rightarrow KK$$

Correlation between $D_s(\phi\pi)$ and $D_s(\phi\mu\nu)$

$Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$

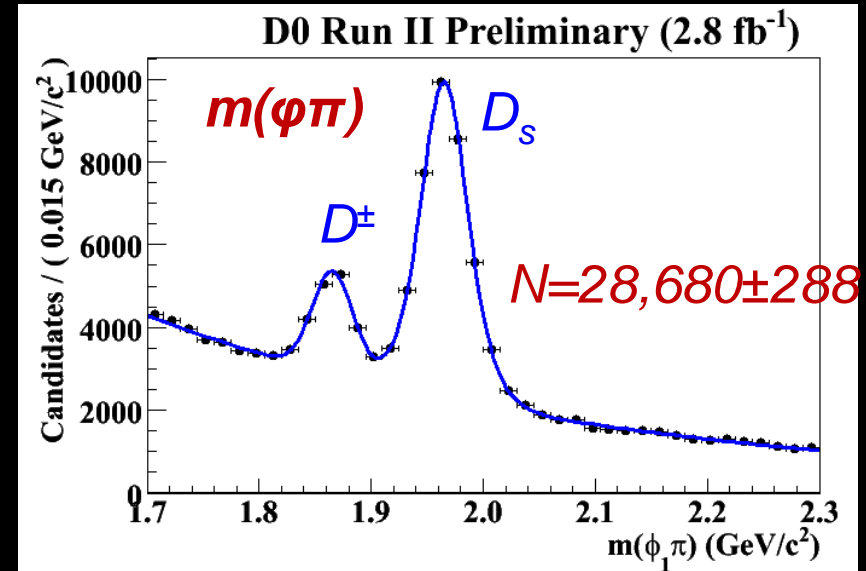


☀ Sampling: $D_s \phi \mu$ vs. $D_s \mu$



$$D_s \rightarrow \phi \pi ; \phi \rightarrow KK$$

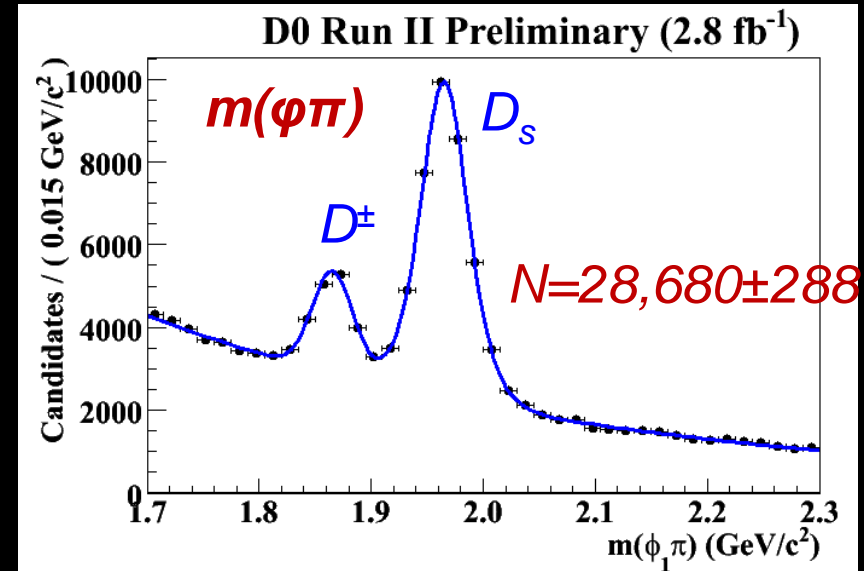
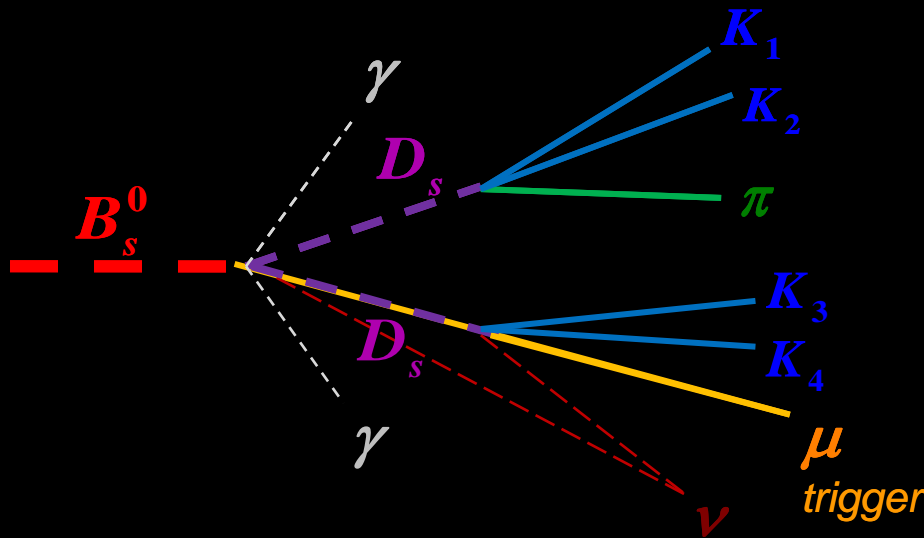
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu$$



$Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$



☀ Sampling: $D_s \phi \mu$ vs. $D_s \mu$



☀ Normalizing: $D_s \phi \mu$ to $D_s \mu$

$$\frac{N(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})}{N(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu)} = 2R \cdot \frac{\epsilon(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})}{\epsilon(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu)}$$

$$R \equiv \frac{Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) \cdot Br(D_s \rightarrow \phi \mu \nu) \cdot Br(\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-)}{Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu)}$$

Likelihood Ratio Variable

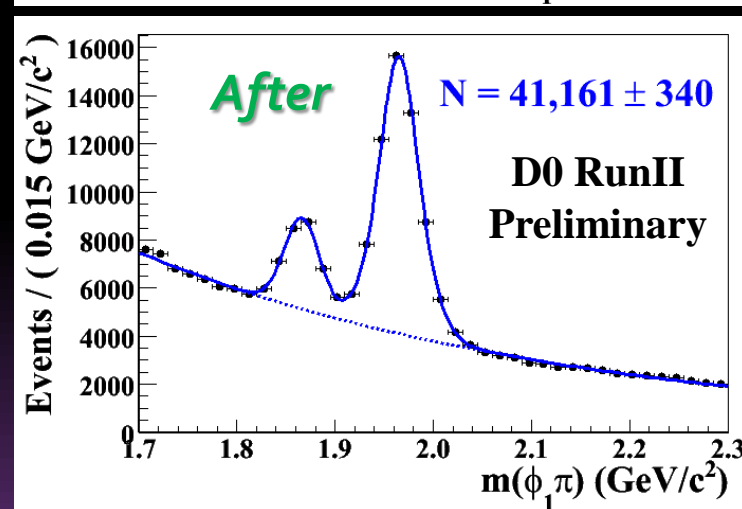
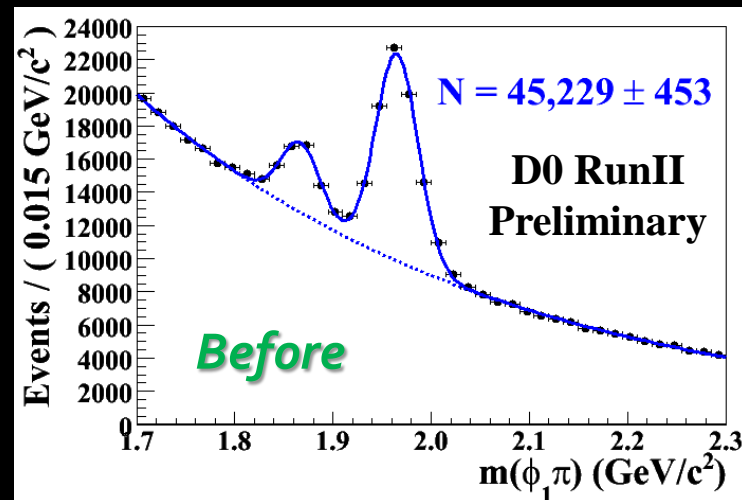


$$Y = \prod_i y_i; \quad y_i = \frac{PDF_{bkg}(x_i)}{PDF_{sgl}(x_i)}$$

(x_i : discriminating variable)

miximal $S / \sqrt{S + B}$

| $D_s\mu$ Sample | $D_s\phi\mu$ Sample |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| isolation(B_s) | isolation(B_s) |
| $\cos(\theta_{\text{helicity}})$ | $\cos(\theta_{\text{helicity}})$ |
| $p_T(K_1K_2)$ | $p_T(K_1K_2)$ |
| $m(B_s)$ | $m(B_s)$ |
| $\chi_{\text{vtx}}^2(D_s)$ | $m(K_3K_4) - m(K_1K_2)$ |
| $m(K_1K_2)$ | $p_T(\phi_2) - p_T(\phi_1)$ |
| | $p_T(D_{s,2}) - p_T(D_{s,1})$ |

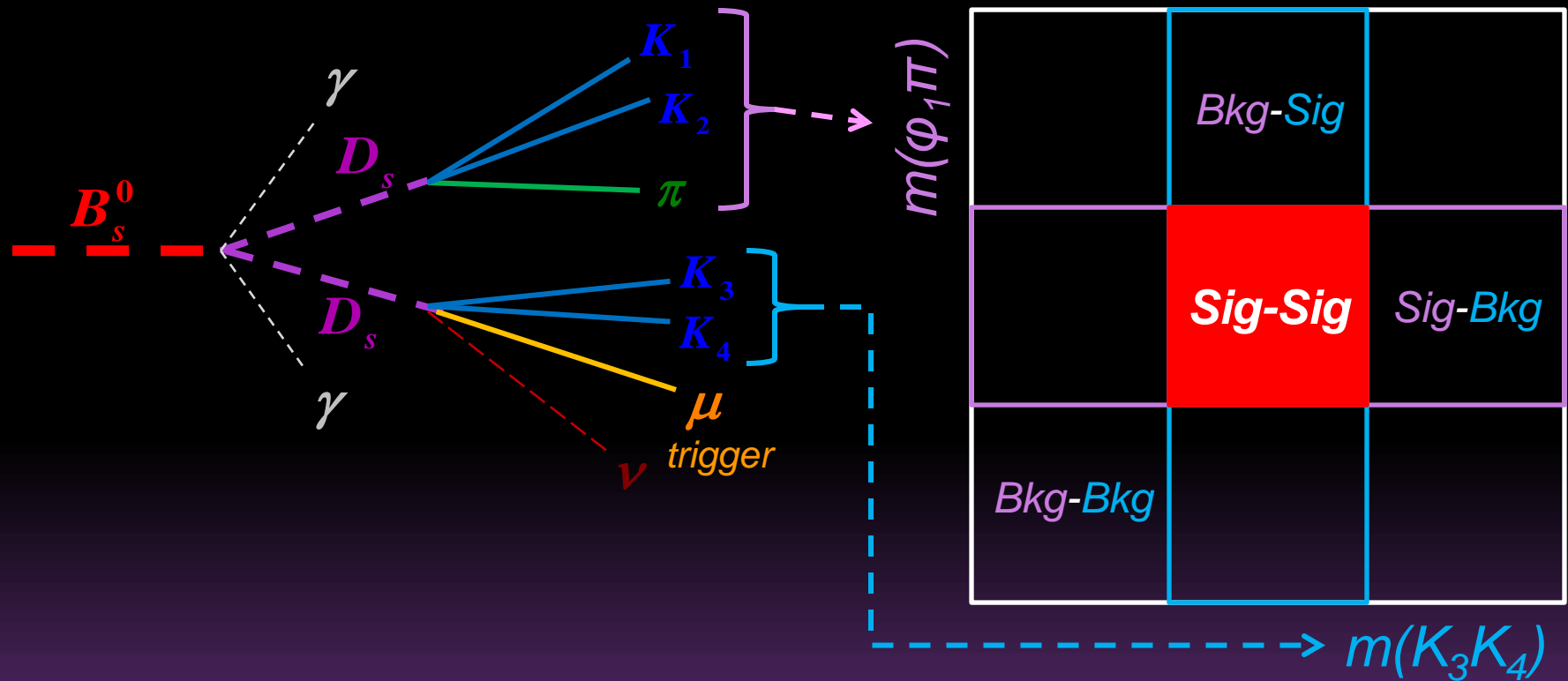


SIGNAL CLEAR-UP

Correlation D_s-D_s



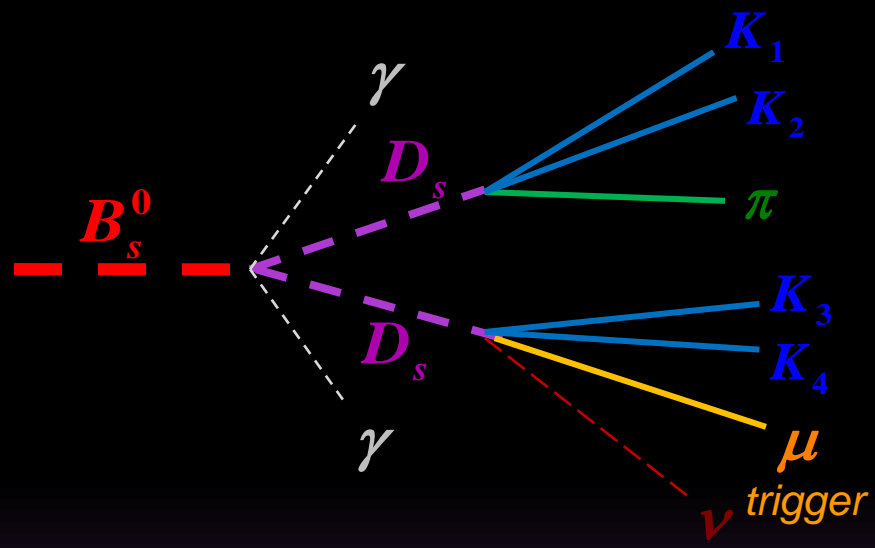
2-D Unbinned Loglikelihood Fit
 $D_s(\varphi_1\pi)$ vs. $\varphi(K_3K_4)$



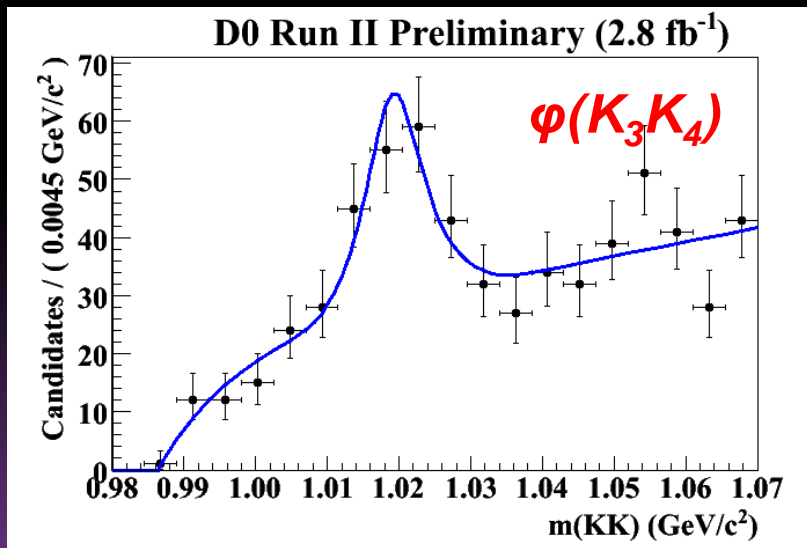
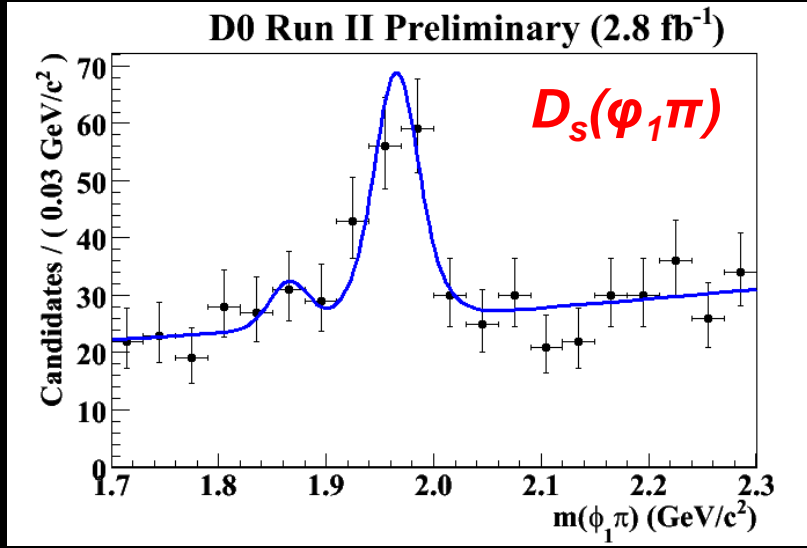
Correlation D_s-D_s



2-D Unbinned Loglikelihood Fit
 $D_s(\varphi_1\pi)$ vs. $\varphi(K_3K_4)$



$N(D_s\varphi\mu) = 31.0 \pm 9.4$
 significance: 3.7σ



Peaking Background



Physics-suppressed

| Process | Remark | Recipe | Contrib. |
|---|---------------------|------------|------------|
| $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)} X$ | two gluons required | negligible | $\sim 0\%$ |

Kinematics-suppressed: Matrix method

| Process | Remark | Recipe | Contrib. |
|---|--------------------------------|--|-------------|
| $B^{\pm,0} \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)} K X$ | low mass ($D_s \varphi \mu$) | $m(D_s \varphi \mu) > 4.3 \text{ GeV}$ | $5 \pm 2\%$ |
| $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu \varphi$ | high mass ($\varphi \mu$) | $1.85 \text{ GeV} < m(\varphi \mu)$ | $0 \pm 3\%$ |

$c\bar{c}$ ($N_{c\bar{c}}(D_s \varphi \mu)$) contamination: $f_{c\bar{c}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s \mu \nu) = 10.3 \pm 2.5\%$

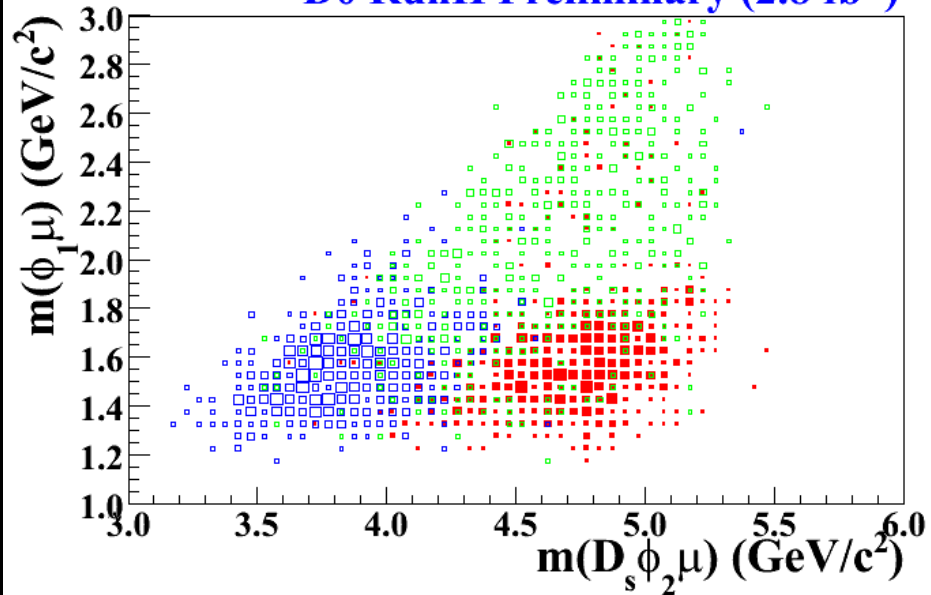
| Process | Comment | Recipe | Contrib. |
|--|--------------------|--------------|-------------|
| $c\bar{c} \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \varphi \mu X$ | short decay length | lifetime cut | $2 \pm 1\%$ |

$$\frac{N_{c\bar{c}}(D_s \varphi \mu)}{N(D_s \mu) \cdot f_{c\bar{c}}(D_s \mu)} = \frac{\text{Br}(c\bar{c} \rightarrow D_s \varphi \mu)}{\text{Br}(c\bar{c} \rightarrow D_s \mu)} \cdot \frac{\varepsilon(c\bar{c} \rightarrow D_s \varphi \mu)}{\varepsilon(c\bar{c} \rightarrow D_s \mu)}$$

Sample Composition



D0 RunII Preliminary (2.8 fb⁻¹)



a: $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}$

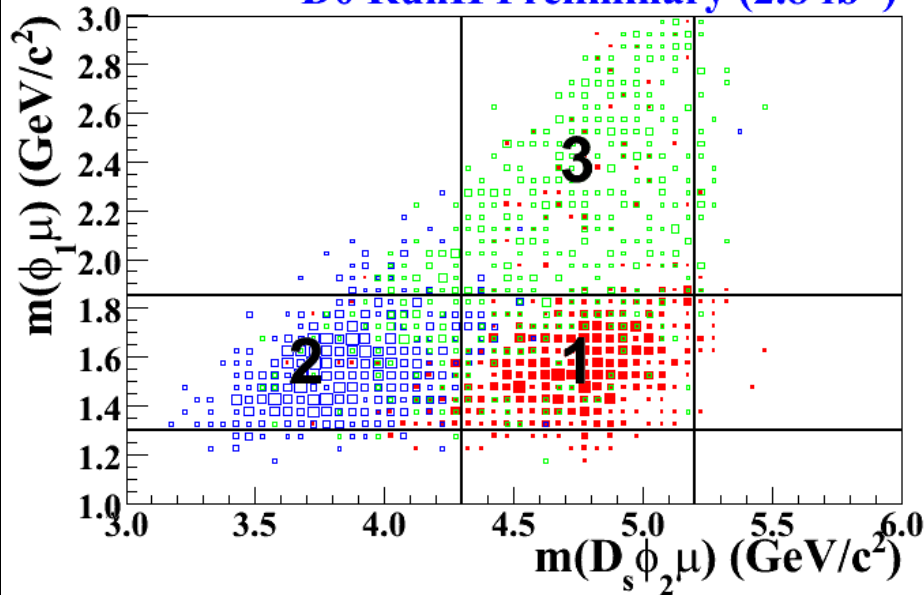
b: $B^{\pm,0} \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)} K X$

c: $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu \varphi$

Sample Composition



D0 RunII Preliminary (2.8 fb⁻¹)



M_i : total # of events for channel i
 n_j : total # of events in j region
 $f_{i,j}$: fraction for channel i in region j

$$\begin{pmatrix} f_{a,1} & f_{b,1} & f_{c,1} \\ f_{a,2} & f_{b,2} & f_{c,2} \\ f_{a,3} & f_{b,3} & f_{c,3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} M_a \\ M_b \\ M_c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} n_1 \\ n_2 \\ n_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

a : $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}$

b : $B^{\pm,0} \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)} K X$

c : $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu \varphi$

$$N(D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) = f_{a,1} \cdot M_a$$

$$N_{c\bar{c}}(D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) = \frac{N_{c\bar{c}}(D_s \phi \mu) \cdot f_{a,1} \cdot M_a}{f_{a,1} \cdot M_a + f_{b,1} \cdot M_b + f_{c,1} \cdot M_c}$$

pure signal events: $N(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) = 27.5 \pm 9.8$

Systematics



| Sources | Uncertainty |
|---|-------------|
| $Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu)$ | 0.0127 |
| $Br(D_s \rightarrow \phi \mu \nu)$ | 0.0047 |
| $\epsilon(D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) / \epsilon(D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu)$ | 0.0072 |
| fitting procedure | 0.0071 |
| $N(D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$: Matrix | 0.0041 |
| $c\bar{c}$ | 0.0011 |
| $f(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu)$ | 0.0006 |
| $N(D_s \mu)$ | 0.0005 |
| Total | 0.0174 |

- poor precision of branching ratios ($\geq 60\%$)
- large room for further improvement
- trigger efficiency model dependent calculation
- uncertainty by $c\bar{c}$ contamination is small



Result & Conclusion

New Result



D0 Preliminary
(2.8 fb⁻¹)

$$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) = 0.042 \pm 0.015 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.017 \text{ (syst)}$$

$$\Delta\Gamma_s / \Gamma_s = 0.088 \pm 0.030 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.036 \text{ (syst)}$$

| | $Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$ | $\Delta\Gamma_s / \Gamma_s$ |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| ALEPH (2000) | $0.077 \pm 0.034_{-0.026}^{+0.038}$ | $0.167 \pm 0.070_{-0.053}^{+0.079}$ |
| D0 (1.3 fb ⁻¹) | $0.039_{-0.017}^{+0.019} \text{ }_{-0.015}^{+0.016}$ | $0.081_{-0.035}^{+0.039} \text{ }_{-0.030}^{+0.033}$ |
| WA (end of 2006) | 0.046 ± 0.022 | 0.096 ± 0.048 |
| Theory | | 0.127 ± 0.024 |

Conclusion



- *D0 is productive in CPV sector in B_s physics*
- *$Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$ promising method for $\Delta\Gamma_s$*
 - *Theory applicable*
- *$Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$ & $\Delta\Gamma_s$ (2.8 fb^{-1})*
 - *$Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$*
 $= 0.042 \pm 0.015 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.017 \text{ (syst)}$
 - *$\Delta\Gamma_s^{\text{CP}} / \Gamma_s = 0.088 \pm 0.030 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.036 \text{ (syst)}$*
- *Polarization study: pure even?*
 - *Experimental correction to theory*

Conclusion

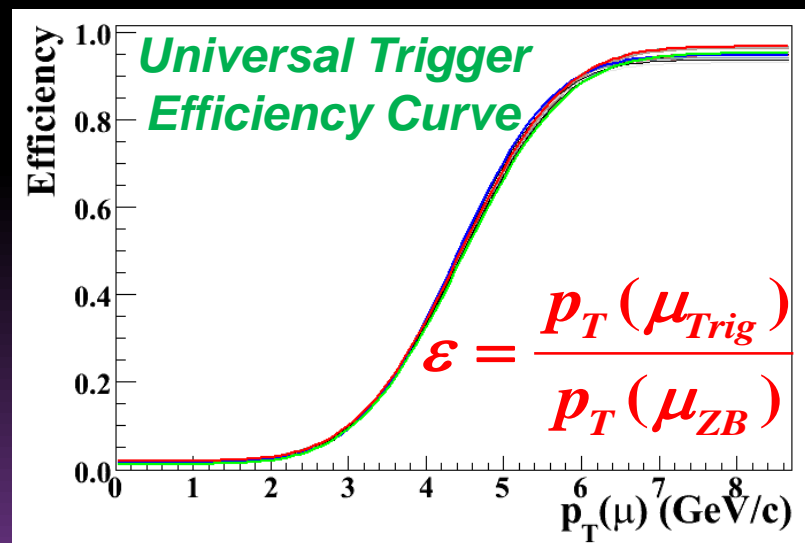
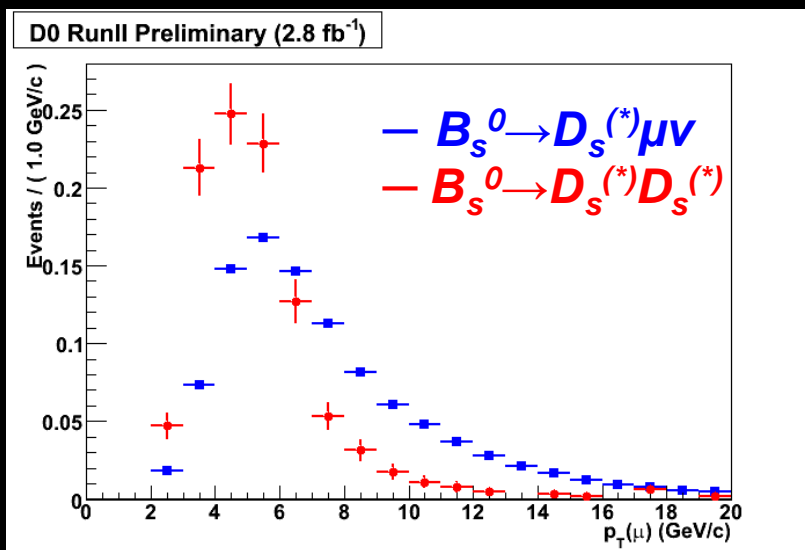


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 - *$\Delta\Gamma_s^{\text{CP}} / \Gamma_s = 0.088 \pm 0.030 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.036 \text{ (syst)}$*
- *Polarization study: pure even?*
 - *Experimental correction to theory*
- ***First experimental evident for $\Delta\Gamma_s \neq 0$***
(significance: 3.7σ)

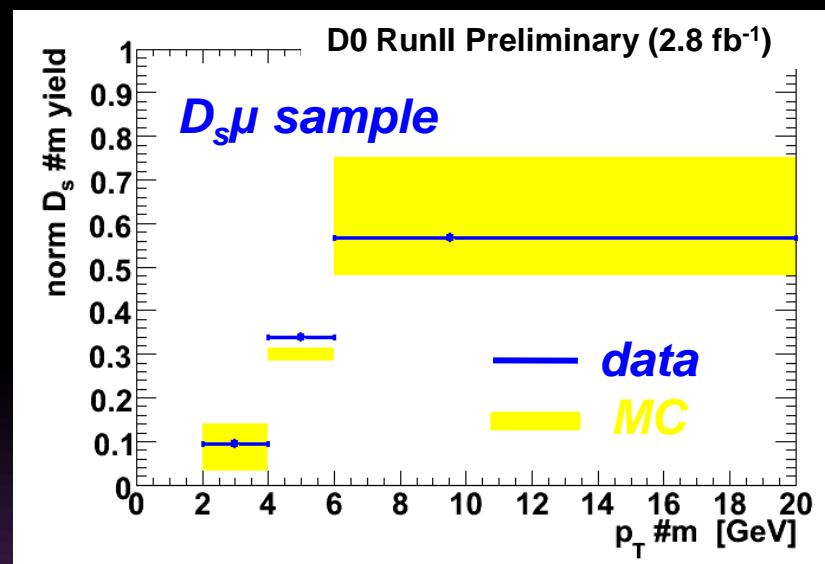
Backup



Efficiency Model

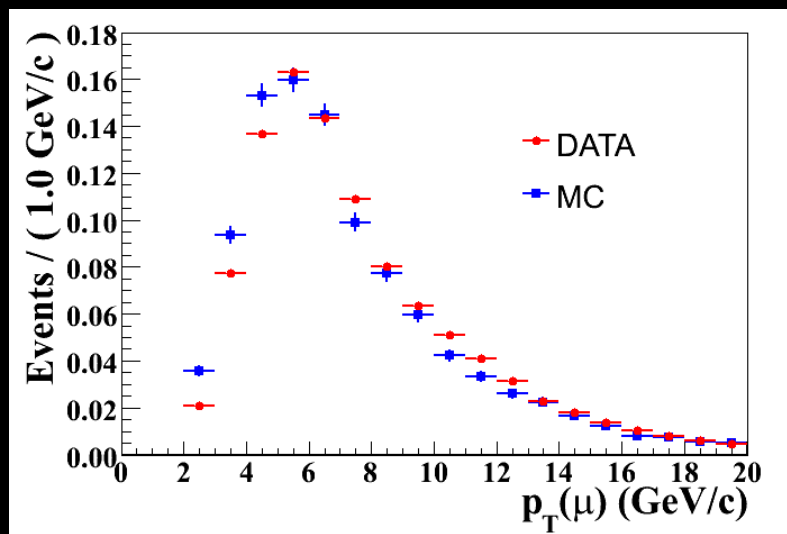


- Different muon property
- $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu$: primary
- $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)} (D_s \rightarrow \phi \mu \nu)$: secondary

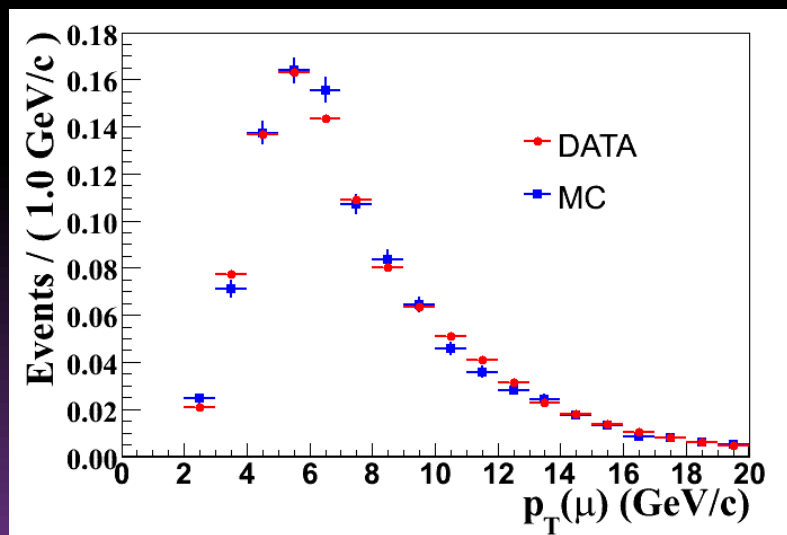
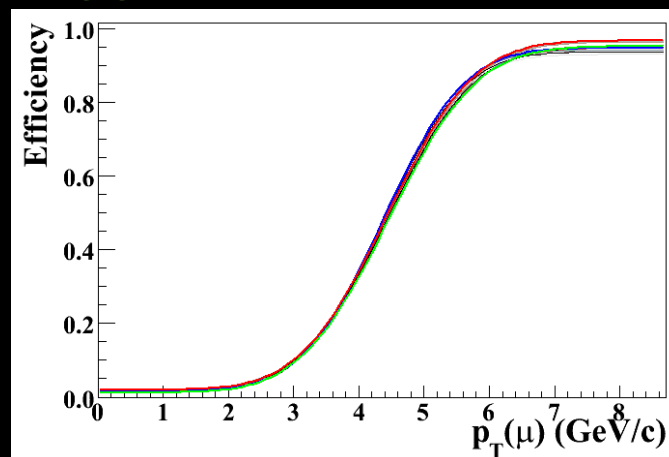


Normalized signal yield for data and model

Trigger Effect



Trigger Efficiency Curve



$$Eff. = p_T(\mu_{trig}) / p_T(ZB)$$

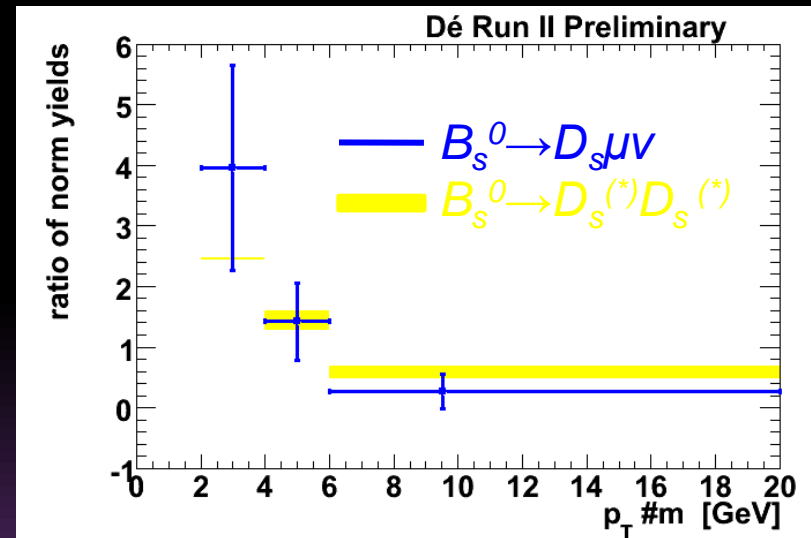
Universal weighting function
for many *B* analyses at D0

Systematics



| Sources | Uncertainty |
|---|---------------|
| $Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu)$ | 0.0127 |
| $Br(D_s \rightarrow \phi \mu \nu)$ | 0.0047 |
| $\epsilon(D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) / \epsilon(D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu)$ | 0.0072 |
| fitting procedure | 0.0071 |
| $N(D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$: Matrix | 0.0041 |
| ccbar | 0.0011 |
| $f(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \mu \nu)$ | 0.0006 |
| $N(D_s \mu)$ | 0.0005 |
| Total | 0.0174 |

- Poor precision of branching ratio
- Large room for further improvement (Exp.+Thy.)
- reconstruction efficiency



Ratio of normalized signal yield for $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s \mu \nu$ and $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}$